

**General Information**

**Mission:**

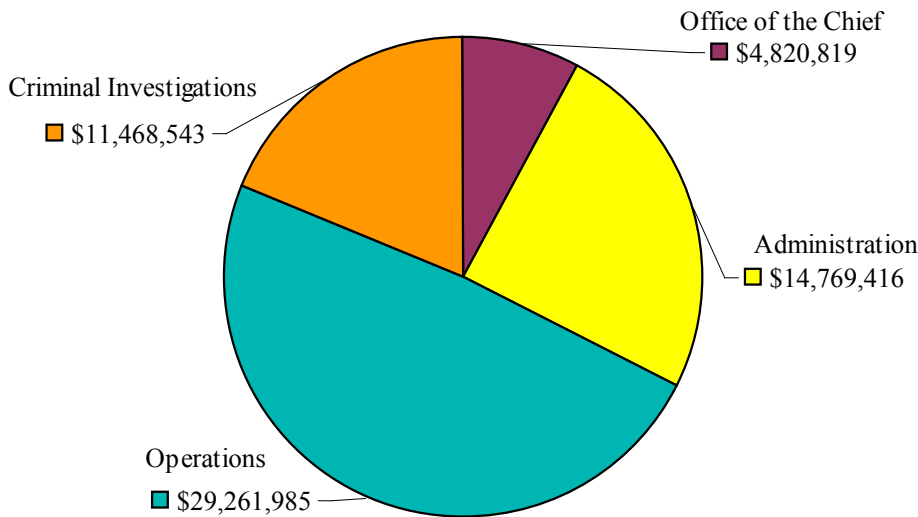
To enhance the quality of life by providing police services through shared responsibility with the public.

**Organization:**

The police department is composed of four programs that are included in this report plus two programs (animal control and crossing guards) that are not included. The four programs included in this report are:

- ◆ Office of the Chief
- ◆ Administration
- ◆ Operations
- ◆ Criminal Investigations

**FY 2007 Adopted Budget By Program**



**Resources:**

FY 2007 Budget (excludes animal control and crossing guards):	\$60,320,763
FY 2007 Authorized Staffing:	635.00

**Key Goals:**

- ◆ Part I crime rate of fewer than 24 per 1,000 population
- ◆ Emergency response time of seven minutes or less
- ◆ Juvenile arrests per 1,000 youth population of fewer than 15 per year
- ◆ Juvenile violent crime arrests per 1,000 youth population fewer than one per year
- ◆ Part I crime closure rate of 23 percent

**Section Locator**

**OVERVIEW**

**General Information**

Summary

**SPENDING AND STAFFING**

Spending per Capita  
Sworn Officers per Thousand Residents

**OUTPUTS**

Sworn Officers per Thousand Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

**RESULTS**

Major Crimes per Thousand Residents  
Closure Rate for Major Crimes  
Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population  
Juvenile Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population  
Average Emergency Response Time  
Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe in their Neighborhood  
Citizen Satisfaction with Police Behavior  
Percent of Citizens Satisfied with Overall Police Performance and with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



**Section Locator**

**OVERVIEW**

General Information

 **Summary**

**SPENDING AND STAFFING**

Spending per Capita  
Sworn Officers per Thousand Residents

**OUTPUTS**

Sworn Officers per Thousand Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

**RESULTS**

Major Crimes per Thousand Residents  
Closure Rate for Major Crimes  
Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population  
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Average Emergency Response Time  
Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe in their Neighborhood  
Citizen Satisfaction with Police Behavior  
Percent of Citizens Satisfied with Overall Police Performance and with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



**SUMMARY OF POLICE SERVICE EFFORTS AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS FISCAL YEARS 2001 THROUGH 2006 (unless otherwise indicated)**

The following table lists some of the notable program results for the police service area. A page reference to a more detailed discussion of each summarized item is also provided in the table.

Spending	Efficiency	Results
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Spending per capita, adjusted for inflation, increased 9 percent from FY 2001 through FY 2006. Spending includes costs of investigating the sniper case in FY 2002 as well as handling terrorism response preparation and investigation of leads. (page 172).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ The number of sworn officers per thousand major crimes grew by 18.4 percent from FY 2000 to FY 2005. (page 177). Fairfax had a higher ratio of sworn officers per thousand major crimes than Prince William, but Virginia Beach and Henrico had a lower ratio. (page 178).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ The number of major crimes per thousand residents is at a six-year low of 22.71, which is below the goal of fewer than 24. (page 180). In 2005, Prince William's rate was lower than the rate for Henrico and Virginia Beach, while higher than the rate for Fairfax. (page 181).</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Among the comparison jurisdictions, Prince William spent more per capita in FY 2005 than Chesterfield, but less than Virginia Beach, Fairfax, and Henrico. (page 173).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ As staffing has increased, dispatch calls per patrol officer has declined, from 343 in 2000 to 303 in 2005. (page 179).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ The closure rate for major crimes has declined from 22.7 percent in 2000 to 22.3 percent in 2005. The decline in the overall closure rate was driven by a decline in the violent crime closure rate from 69 percent in 2000 to 59 percent in 2005. (pages 182-183). Comparable closure rates for Virginia Beach, Henrico, and Fairfax exceeded Prince William's rate. (page 184).</li> </ul>
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Emergency response time improved from 7.5 minutes in 2000 to 5.3 minutes in 2005. (page 189).</li> </ul>
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Citizen satisfaction with overall police performance remains high at 92.5 percent. (page 192).</li> </ul>

**Detailed SEA Information:**

More detailed trend and comparative information is contained in the following pages along with contextual information. These following pages present specific police services spending and staffing indicators followed by outputs and then results.

**Future Police Services SEA Information Improvements:**

Measurement of program performance in government is an evolving process. In some cases quantifiable performance data may not be available because of the cost to develop that data or because methods of measurement have not yet been developed. In the police services area, this report may benefit from a closer examination of the workload management system used to determine the needed sworn officer staffing levels. Recognizing the breadth of service provided by sworn officers, workload management data could expand our presentation of the impact of patrol officers and go beyond the measure of dispatch calls they handle. The Police Department will explore how their workload management data could enhance the analysis of the breadth of sworn officer utilization, which could be considered for possible inclusion in the report.

**Use of SEA Data:**

Variances in SEA data between jurisdictions should be used as a basis for looking into and considering differences in the mix of services offered and operating methods between jurisdictions. The information may also be used to at least partially explain why certain services cost Prince William residents more or less than what citizens in other jurisdictions spend. Because additional factors beyond those identified in this report may impact spending and operating results, the data should not be used to make a final determination that one jurisdiction is operating more efficiently than another. Note further that some results measures could not be obtained from the comparison jurisdictions. We are continuing efforts to try and obtain a more complete picture of results.

**Section Locator**

**OVERVIEW**

General Information

 **Summary**

**SPENDING AND STAFFING**

Spending per Capita

Sworn Officers per Thousand Residents

**OUTPUTS**

Sworn Officers per Thousand Major Crimes

Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

**RESULTS**

Major Crimes per Thousand Residents

Closure Rate for Major Crimes

Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population

Juvenile Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population

Average Emergency Response Time

Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe in their Neighborhood

Citizen Satisfaction with Police Behavior

Percent of Citizens Satisfied with Overall Police Performance and with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



**Section Locator**

**OVERVIEW**

General Information  
Summary

**SPENDING AND STAFFING**

 **Spending per Capita**

Sworn Officers per Thousand  
Residents

**OUTPUTS**

Sworn Officers per Thousand  
Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

**RESULTS**

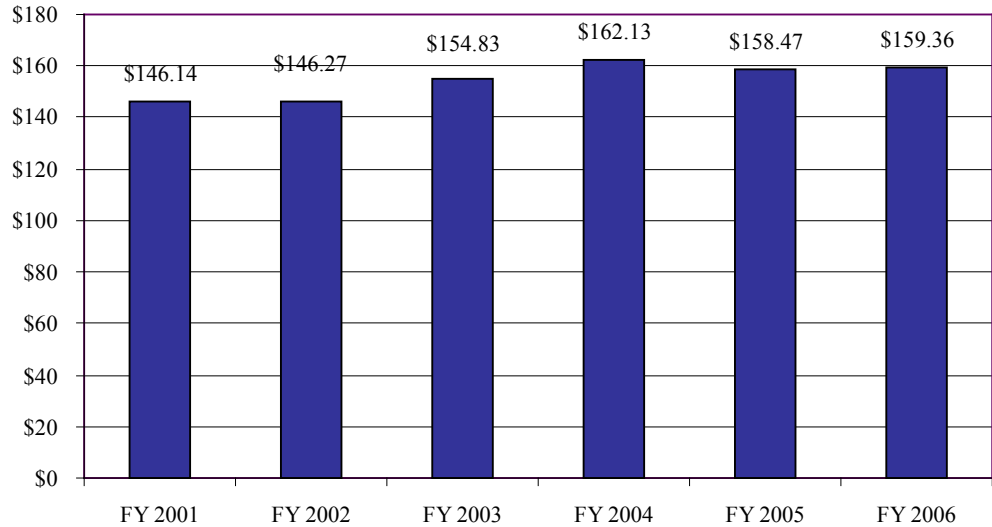
Major Crimes per Thousand  
Residents  
Closure Rate for Major Crimes  
Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests  
per Thousand Juvenile  
Population  
Juvenile Arrests per Thousand  
Juvenile Population  
Average Emergency Response  
Time  
Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe  
in their Neighborhood  
Citizen Satisfaction with Police  
Behavior  
Percent of Citizens Satisfied with  
Overall Police Performance and  
with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



**Spending Per Capita Adjusted For Inflation**

**Purpose:** To provide an indicator of the relative level of effort the community expends on Police services (excluding animal control and crossing guards). This is not an efficiency measure since it does not consider the output generated for the level of spending. Total Police operating expenditures are divided by the total service area population. The figures are adjusted for inflation to maintain comparability between years. The current budget year, Fiscal Year 2007, is used as the base year for inflation adjustments.

**Spending Per Capita  
(Adjusted For Inflation)  
Fiscal Year 2001 Through Fiscal Year 2006**



	FY 2001	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006
Actual Expenditures	\$35,968,123	\$38,819,423	\$43,592,485	\$49,156,116	\$52,104,566	\$57,562,163
Expenditures Adj. For Inflation	\$43,082,333	\$45,248,781	\$49,787,207	\$54,608,586	\$56,159,060	\$59,152,278
Population	294,798	309,351	321,570	336,820	354,383	371,178

**Trend:**

- ◆ Spending per capita, adjusted for inflation, increased 9 percent between FY 2001 and FY 2006.

**Fiscal Year 2007 Adopted:**

- ◆ Budgeted spending per capita, adjusted for inflation, is up 3.6 percent in FY 2007 compared to the FY 2006 adopted budget.

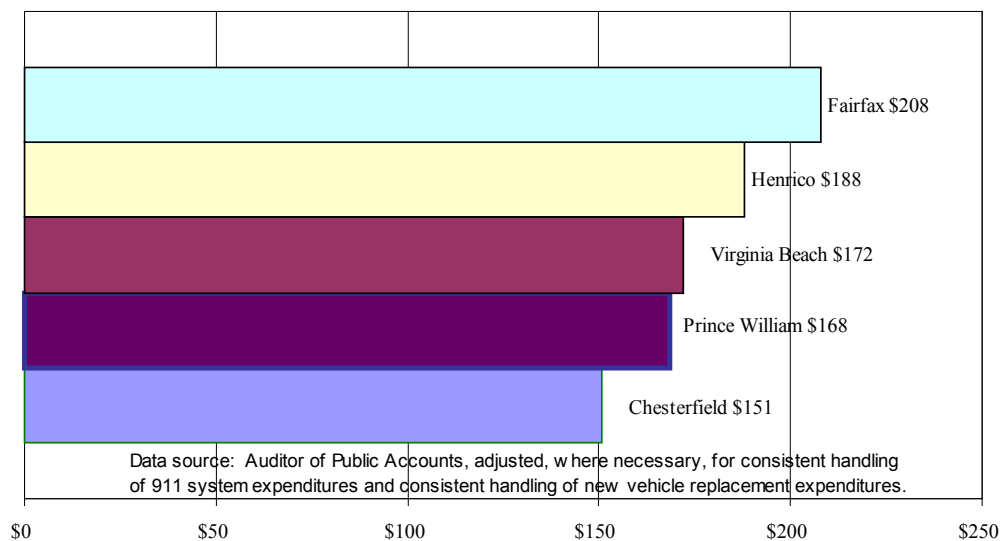
**Comments:**

- ◆ Spending includes costs of investigating the sniper case in FY 2002 as well as handling terrorism response preparation and investigation of leads.

## Spending Per Capita Adjusted For Inflation--Comparisons

**Purpose:** To provide information on spending per capita by jurisdiction. In order to obtain spending data that are consistently computed among jurisdictions, published totals from the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) were used and adjusted for inflation to FY 2007 dollars (the current fiscal year). The most recent APA data available for this publication are for FY 2005.

**Spending Per Capita By Jurisdiction  
(Adjusted For Inflation)  
Calendar Year 2005**



**Fiscal Year 2005**

	Prince William	Chesterfield	Fairfax	Henrico	Virginia Beach
APA Expenditures	\$55,490,000	\$40,059,424	\$196,978,779	\$49,394,536	\$69,556,134
Expenditures Adj. For Inflation	\$59,807,930	\$43,176,631	\$212,306,598	\$53,238,151	\$74,968,615
Population	355,300	286,500	1,022,100	283,300	435,600

Data source for actual expenditures: Auditor of Public Accounts, adjusted for consistent handling of 911 system and new vehicle replacement expenditures.

Note1: Weldon Cooper Center population data are used for Prince William County and all jurisdictions used in comparisons, in order to use compatible data across those jurisdictions. APA per capita figures may be somewhat different because the spending amounts in this report are adjusted for inflation and because this report utilizes more current population data.

Note2: Henrico PD provided its internal budget expenditure data for FY 2004 (\$41,377,745) and FY 2005 (\$44,526,198) but we could not use those data in a valid comparison with other jurisdictions for which we used Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) data. Using the audited APA data across the board has the benefit of consistency of reporting because the state APA data reporting guidelines specifically define which expenditures are attributable to the police service area, so all jurisdictions report comparable data. Two variables accounted for in the APA guidelines that can have a material impact on jurisdiction comparisons include (1) whether 911 system expenditures are consistently included or excluded in the police APA spending reports and (2) whether new vehicle replacement expenditures are consistently included or excluded in the police APA spending reports. In order to be compatible with Prince William APA spending data (where 911 system expenditures and new vehicle replacement expenditures are not included in police spending (Law Enforcement and Traffic Control)), 911 system and new vehicle replacement expenditures of other jurisdictions were deducted from other jurisdictions' police APA spending data, where applicable.

### Section Locator

#### OVERVIEW

General Information  
Summary

#### SPENDING AND STAFFING

##### Spending per Capita

Sworn Officers per Thousand Residents

#### OUTPUTS

Sworn Officers per Thousand Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

#### RESULTS

Major Crimes per Thousand Residents  
Closure Rate for Major Crimes  
Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population  
Juvenile Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population  
Average Emergency Response Time  
Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe in their Neighborhood  
Citizen Satisfaction with Police Behavior  
Percent of Citizens Satisfied with Overall Police Performance and with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



## Section Locator

### OVERVIEW

General Information  
Summary

### SPENDING AND STAFFING

#### Spending per Capita

Sworn Officers per Thousand  
Residents

### OUTPUTS

Sworn Officers per Thousand  
Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

### RESULTS

Major Crimes per Thousand  
Residents  
Closure Rate for Major Crimes  
Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests  
per Thousand Juvenile  
Population  
Juvenile Arrests per Thousand  
Juvenile Population  
Average Emergency Response  
Time  
Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe  
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Citizen Satisfaction with Police  
Behavior  
Percent of Citizens Satisfied with  
Overall Police Performance and  
with Reduction of Illegal Drugs

### Compared to Other Jurisdictions:

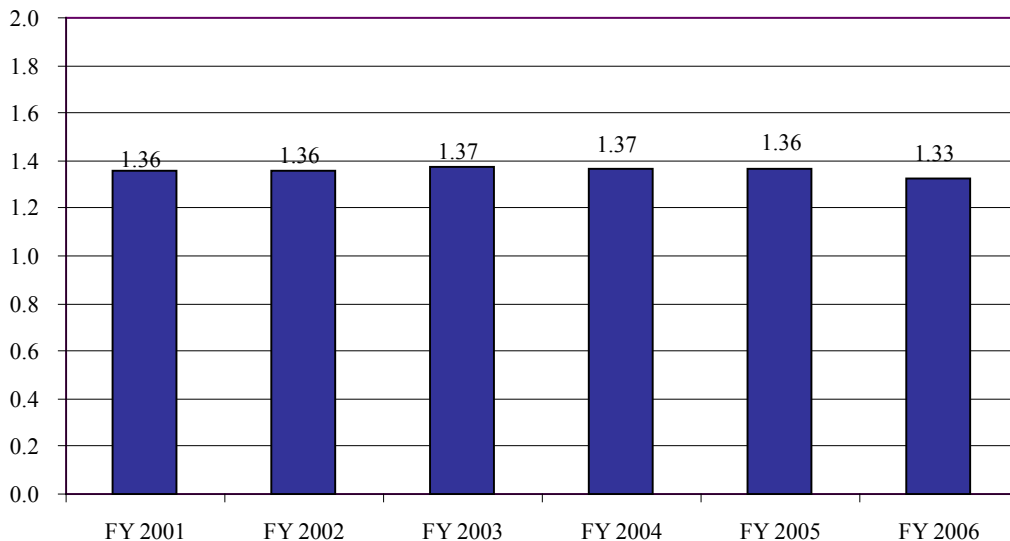
- ◆ In FY 2005 Prince William spent less per capita on Police services than Fairfax, Henrico, and Virginia Beach but more than Chesterfield.



## Sworn Officers Per Thousand Residents

**Purpose:** This measure provides an indicator of the relative level of Police service area staffing per thousand residents between years and between jurisdictions.

**Sworn Officers Per Thousand Residents  
Fiscal Year 2001 Through Fiscal Year 2006**



	FY 2001	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006
Sworn Officers	401	421	441	461	483	493
Population	294,798	309,351	321,570	336,820	354,383	371,178

### Trend:

- ◆ The number of authorized sworn officers per thousand residents fluctuated between 1.33 and 1.37 during the six-year period FY 2001 through FY 2006.
- ◆ Overall the number of authorized sworn officers per thousand residents decreased from 1.36 in FY 2001 to 1.33 in FY 2006.

### Fiscal Year 2005 Adopted:

- ◆ The FY 2007 budget adds 24 sworn officers, resulting in a projected 1.33 sworn officers per thousand residents.


## Section Locator

### OVERVIEW

General Information  
Summary

### SPENDING AND STAFFING

Spending per Capita

 **Sworn Officers per  
Thousand Residents**

### OUTPUTS

Sworn Officers per Thousand  
Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

### RESULTS

Major Crimes per Thousand  
Residents  
Closure Rate for Major Crimes  
Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests  
per Thousand Juvenile  
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Average Emergency Response  
Time  
Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe  
in their Neighborhood  
Citizen Satisfaction with Police  
Behavior  
Percent of Citizens Satisfied with  
Overall Police Performance and  
with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



Section Locator

OVERVIEW

General Information  
Summary

SPENDING AND STAFFING

Spending per Capita

 **Sworn Officers per  
Thousand Residents**

OUTPUTS

Sworn Officers per Thousand  
Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

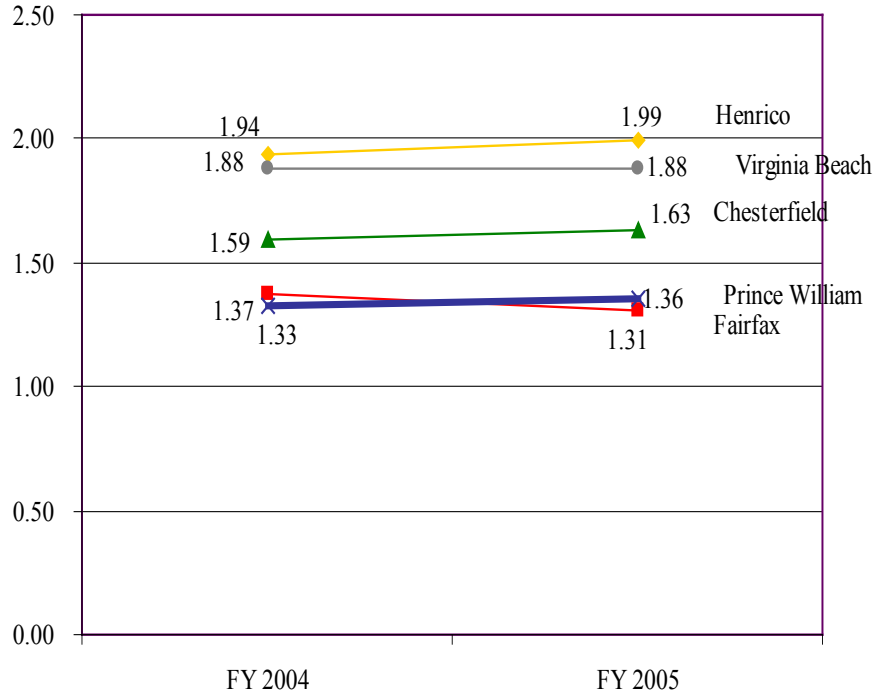
RESULTS

Major Crimes per Thousand  
Residents  
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Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests  
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Juvenile Arrests per Thousand  
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Average Emergency Response  
Time  
Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe  
in their Neighborhood  
Citizen Satisfaction with Police  
Behavior  
Percent of Citizens Satisfied with  
Overall Police Performance and  
with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



Sworn Officers Per Thousand Residents--Comparisons

Sworn Officers Per Thousand Residents By Jurisdiction  
Fiscal Year 2004 and Fiscal Year 2005



Fiscal Year 2005

	Prince William	Chesterfield	Fairfax	Henrico	Virginia Beach
Sworn Officers	483	468	1,341	564	817
Population	355,300	286,500	1,022,100	283,300	435,600
Percentage of Total Staff/Civilian	18%	18%	17%	16%	14%

Note: Weldon Cooper Center population data are used for Prince William County and all jurisdictions used in comparisons, in order to use compatible data across those jurisdictions.

Compared to Other Jurisdictions:

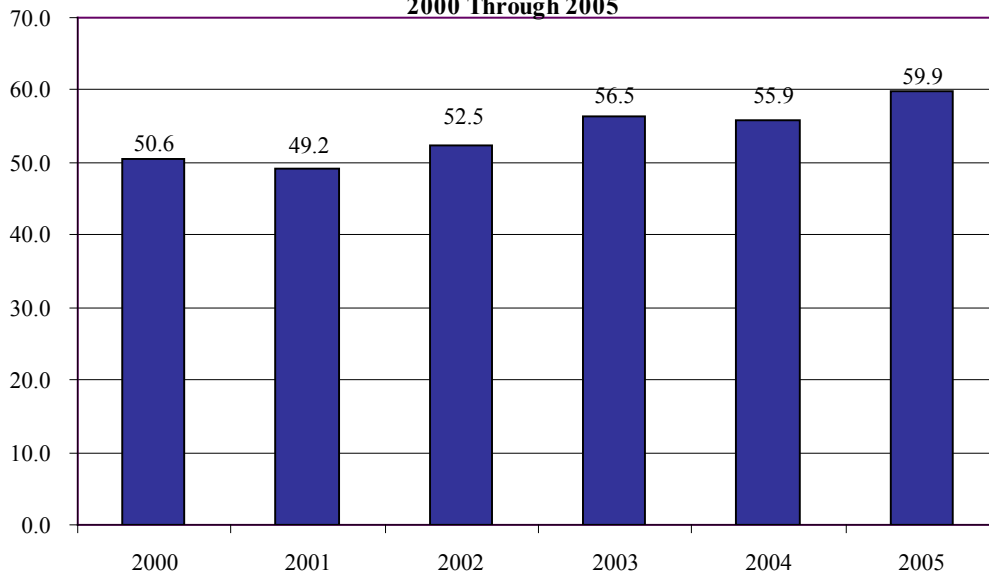
- ◆ In FY 2005, Prince William had slightly more officers per thousand residents than Fairfax and fewer than Virginia Beach, Henrico, and Chesterfield. All of the comparison jurisdictions were below the national average of 2.6 officers per 1,000 residents<sup>1</sup>.

<sup>1</sup> Source: *Crime in the United States 2005*, U.S. Department of Justice

## Sworn Officers Per Thousand Major (Part I) Crimes

**Purpose:** To provide an indicator of changes in workload over time and relative to other jurisdictions. Part I crimes are defined as murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, larceny, burglary and motor vehicle theft. Only one Part I crime is recorded for each incident regardless of the number of crimes that may have occurred during the incident. If an incident involves more than one crime only the most serious incident is reported. Crime data are routinely reported by calendar year rather than fiscal year.

Sworn Officers Per Thousand Major (Part I) Crimes  
2000 Through 2005



	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Sworn Officers	382	401	421	441	461	483
Major (Part I) Crimes	7,549	8,154	8,025	7,805	8,242	8,070

### Trend:

- ◆ During the six-year period FY 2000 through FY 2005, the number of sworn officers per thousand major (Part I) crimes increased 18.4 percent from 50.6 in FY 2000 to 59.9 in FY 2005.

### Comments:

- ◆ The number of Part I crimes is used as a general indicator of changes in workload. In 2005, there were 8,070 Part I offenses reported in Prince William County. Of these, approximately 639 were violent crimes and 7,431 were property crimes. Other key workload factors include Part II crimes (all offenses other than Part I), patrol time, traffic incidents, homeland security initiatives, calls dispatched, and citizen contacts. In 2005, the Police Department made 208,668 citizen contacts.

## Section Locator

### OVERVIEW

General Information  
Summary

### SPENDING AND STAFFING

Spending per Capita  
Sworn Officers per Thousand Residents

### OUTPUTS

 Sworn Officers per Thousand Major Crimes

Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

### RESULTS

Major Crimes per Thousand Residents  
Closure Rate for Major Crimes  
Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population  
Juvenile Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population  
Average Emergency Response Time  
Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe in their Neighborhood  
Citizen Satisfaction with Police Behavior  
Percent of Citizens Satisfied with Overall Police Performance and with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



Section Locator

OVERVIEW

General Information  
Summary

SPENDING AND STAFFING

Spending per Capita  
Sworn Officers per Thousand  
Residents

OUTPUTS

 Sworn Officers per  
Thousand Major Crimes

Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

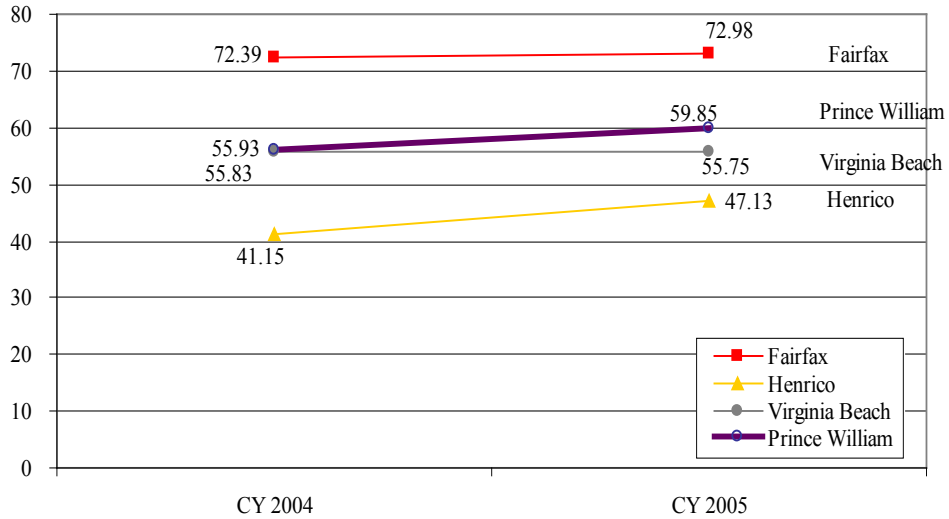
RESULTS

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Residents  
Closure Rate for Major Crimes  
Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests  
per Thousand Juvenile  
Population  
Juvenile Arrests per Thousand  
Juvenile Population  
Average Emergency Response  
Time  
Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe  
in their Neighborhood  
Citizen Satisfaction with Police  
Behavior  
Percent of Citizens Satisfied with  
Overall Police Performance and  
with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



Sworn Officers Per Thousand Major (Part I) Crimes--  
Comparisons

Sworn Officers Per Thousand Major (Part I) Crimes  
By Jurisdiction 2004 and 2005



Note: Chesterfield County no longer tracks crime statistics under the Uniform Crime Reporting System. As a result comparison data on Part I crimes are not available. Chesterfield County now tracks crime statistics only via the new Incident Based Reporting System. The other jurisdictions have also moved to the IBR System but have also continued to record information in the UCR system.

	2005				
	Prince William	Chesterfield	Fairfax	Henrico	Virginia Beach
Sworn Officers	483	468	1,341	564	817
Major (Part I) Crimes	8,070	Not available	18,374	11,967	14,656

Compared to Other Jurisdictions:

- ◆ In 2005 Prince William had a greater number of sworn officers per thousand major (Part I) crimes than Virginia Beach and Henrico, and fewer than Fairfax. Chesterfield does not report comparable data.

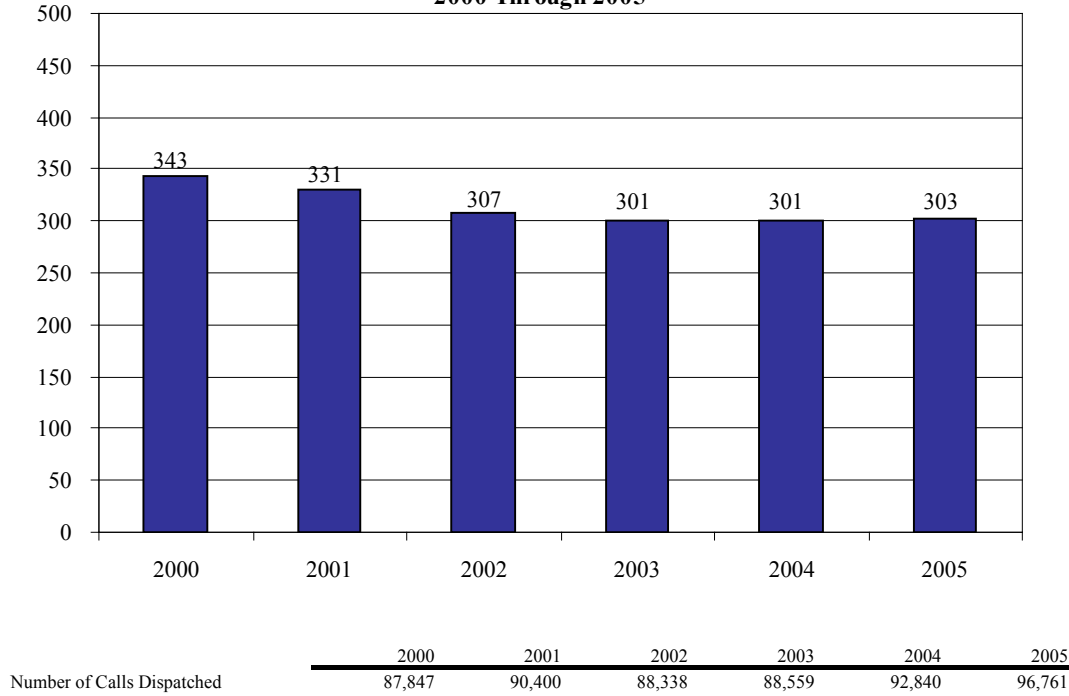
Comments:

- ◆ The number of Part I crimes is used as a general indicator of changes in workload. However, other key workload factors include Part II crimes, patrol time, traffic incidents, homeland security initiatives, calls dispatched, and citizen contacts.

## Dispatch Calls Per Patrol Officer

**Purpose:** To provide an indicator of changes in patrol officer workload related to dispatched calls. Dispatched calls are calls requiring patrol officer response. Patrol officers are the primary response unit so they are used for purposes of computing this measure as opposed to using total sworn officers. This measure does not include the number of times officers respond to calls serving in a backup capacity.

**Dispatch Calls Per Patrol Officer  
2000 Through 2005**



**Trend:**

- ◆ The number of dispatch calls per patrol officer was 11.7 percent lower in 2005 compared to 2000.
- ◆ The number of calls dispatched fluctuated during the period 2000 through 2005. In 2005, the number of calls dispatched was 10.1 percent more than in 2000.

**Comments:**

- ◆ The combination of more officers due to the five year staffing plan and improved call management for multiple calls reporting one incident contributed to the reduction in the dispatch calls per patrol officer.
- ◆ While the trend data are valid and consistently reported, the measure does not account for the many instances where several officers are required to respond to an incident.

### Section Locator

**OVERVIEW**

General Information  
Summary

**SPENDING AND STAFFING**

Spending per Capita  
Sworn Officers per Thousand Residents

**OUTPUTS**

Sworn Officers per Thousand Major Crimes

 **Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer**

**RESULTS**

Major Crimes per Thousand Residents  
Closure Rate for Major Crimes  
Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population  
Juvenile Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population  
Average Emergency Response Time  
Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe in their Neighborhood  
Citizen Satisfaction with Police Behavior  
Percent of Citizens Satisfied with Overall Police Performance and with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



**Section Locator**

**OVERVIEW**

General Information  
Summary

**SPENDING AND STAFFING**

Spending per Capita  
Sworn Officers per Thousand  
Residents

**OUTPUTS**

Sworn Officers per Thousand  
Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

**RESULTS**

**Major Crimes per  
Thousand Residents**

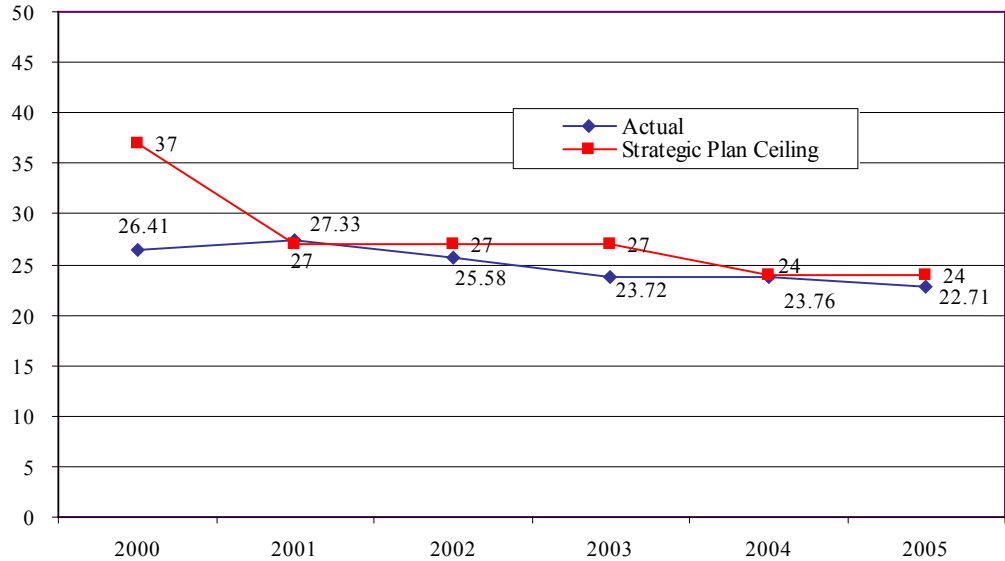
Closure Rate for Major Crimes  
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Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe  
in their Neighborhood  
Citizen Satisfaction with Police  
Behavior  
Percent of Citizens Satisfied with  
Overall Police Performance and  
with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



**Major (Part I) Crimes Per Thousand Residents**

**Purpose:** To provide an indicator of changes in the crime rate. Part I crimes are defined as murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, larceny, burglary and motor vehicle theft. Only one Part I crime is recorded for each incident regardless of the number of crimes that may have occurred during the incident. If an incident involves more than one crime only the most serious offense is reported.

**Major (Part I) Crimes Per Thousand Residents  
2000 Through 2005**



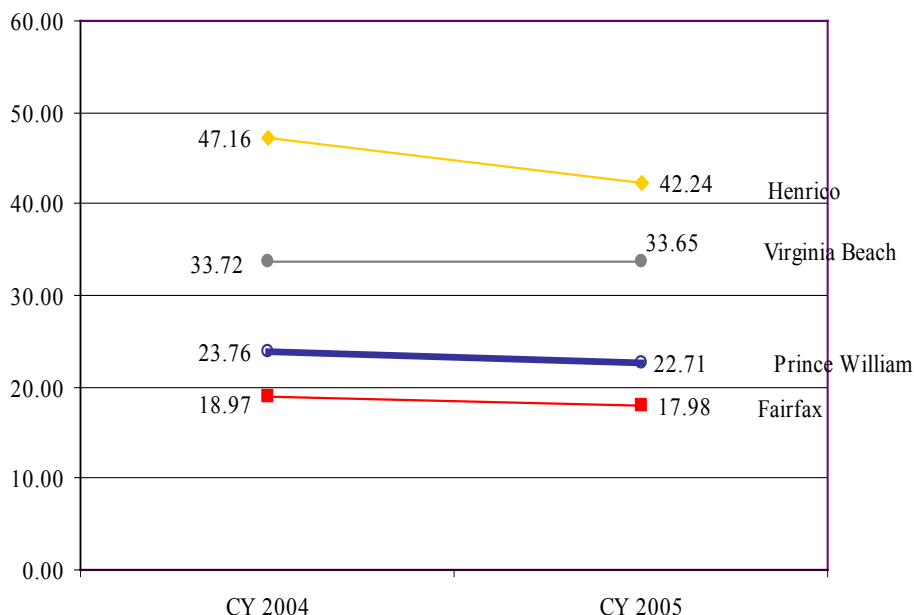
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Major (Part I) Crimes	7,549	8,154	8,025	7,805	8,242	8,070
Population	285,871	294,798	309,351	321,570	336,820	354,383

**Trend:**

- ◆ In 2005, the crime rate reached its lowest point during the six-year period at 22.71 which is below the current strategic plan goal of fewer than 24 major crimes per thousand residents. From 2000 through 2005, the crime rate achieved the Strategic Plan desired outcome each year except in 2001 when it slightly exceeded the goal that year of fewer than 27 crimes per thousand residents.

## Major (Part I) Crimes Per Thousand Residents—Comparisons

Major (Part I) Crimes Per Thousand Residents By Jurisdiction  
2004 and 2005



Note: Chesterfield County no longer tracks crime statistics under the Uniform Crime Reporting System. As a result comparison data on Part I crimes is not available for FY 1999 through present. Chesterfield County now tracks crime statistics only via the new Incident Based Reporting System. The other jurisdictions have also moved to the IBR System but have also continued to record information in the UCR system.

	2005				
	Prince William	Chesterfield	Fairfax	Henrico	Virginia Beach
Major (Part I) Crimes	8,070	Not available	18,374	11,967	14,656
Population	355,300	286,500	1,022,100	283,300	435,600

Note: Weldon Cooper Center population data are used for Prince William County and all jurisdictions used in comparisons, in order to use compatible data across those jurisdictions.

### Compared to Other Jurisdictions:

- ◆ In 2005, Prince William had fewer crimes per thousand residents than Henrico and Virginia Beach, and more crimes per thousand residents than Fairfax. Comparable data are not available for Chesterfield for years after 1998.

### Comments:

- ◆ The actual number of major crimes in Prince William County dropped 2 percent from 8,242 in 2004 to 8,070 in 2005 even while the population increased.

## Section Locator

### OVERVIEW

General Information  
Summary

### SPENDING AND STAFFING

Spending per Capita  
Sworn Officers per Thousand Residents

### OUTPUTS

Sworn Officers per Thousand Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

### RESULTS

#### Major Crimes per Thousand Residents

Closure Rate for Major Crimes  
Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population

Juvenile Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population

Average Emergency Response Time

Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe in their Neighborhood

Citizen Satisfaction with Police Behavior

Percent of Citizens Satisfied with Overall Police Performance and with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



**Section Locator**

**OVERVIEW**

General Information  
Summary

**SPENDING AND STAFFING**

Spending per Capita  
Sworn Officers per Thousand  
Residents

**OUTPUTS**

Sworn Officers per Thousand  
Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

**RESULTS**

Major Crimes per Thousand  
Residents

**Closure Rate for Major  
Crimes**

Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests  
per Thousand Juvenile  
Population

Juvenile Arrests per Thousand  
Juvenile Population

Average Emergency Response  
Time

Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe  
in their Neighborhood

Citizen Satisfaction with Police  
Behavior

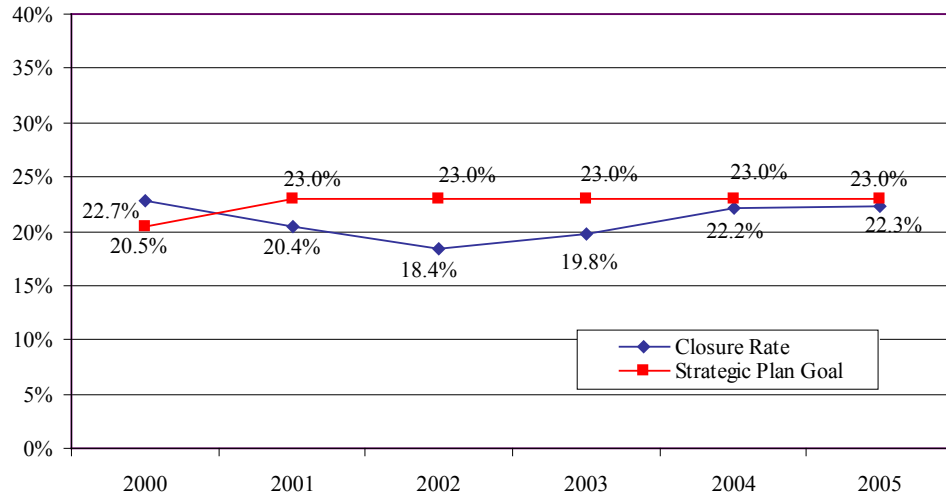
Percent of Citizens Satisfied with  
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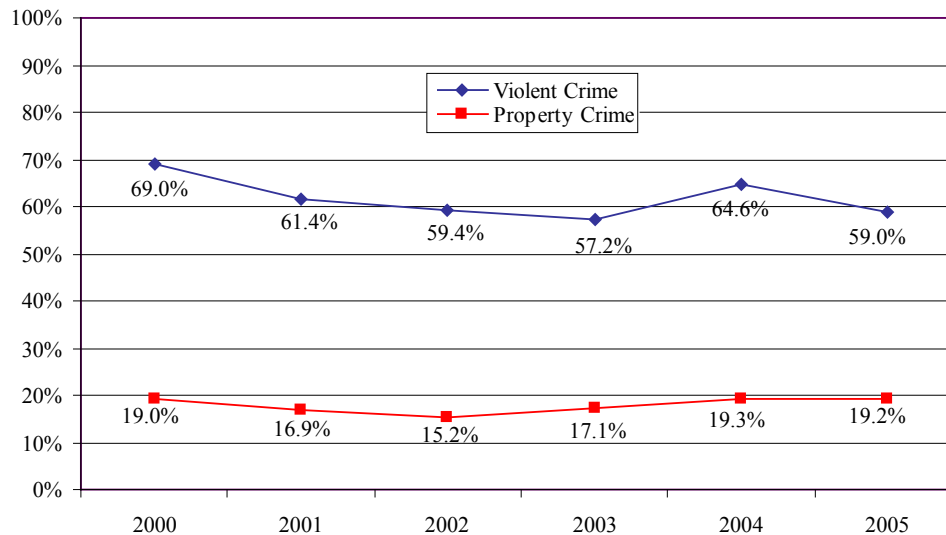
**Closure Rate For Major (Part I) Crimes**

**Purpose:** To provide an indicator of success in closing major crime cases. This indicator is the percent of major (Part I) crimes that are closed because: there was an arrest; the victim no longer wants to press charges; or by other means (e.g. death of offender or offender already incarcerated by another agency). Violent Part I crimes are murder, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. Property crimes are burglary, larceny, and motor vehicle theft.

**Percent of All Major (Part I) Cases Closed  
2000 Through 2005**



**Violent and Property Crime Closure Rates  
2000 to 2005**



**Trend:**

- ◆ In the six-year period, the percentage of cases closed decreased slightly from 22.7 percent in 2000 to 22.3 percent in 2005. In 2000, the percent of Part 1 cases closed exceeded the 1996-2000 Strategic Plan desired outcome of 20.5 percent. In the 2001-2005 Strategic Plan, the goal was raised to 23 percent and the closure rate for 2001 fell to 20.4 percent and remained below the current goal through 2005.
- ◆ The property crime closure rate fluctuated between 2000 and 2005 but increased slightly from 19.0 percent in 2000 to 19.2 percent in 2005. The clearance rate for violent crimes in every year of the six-year period exceeded the current (2005) national average of 45.5 percent.
- ◆ The violent crime closure rate during the six-year period reached its highest level in 2000 (69.0 percent), before dropping each year from 2001 through 2003. Over the six-year period, the closure rate decreased 10 percentage points from 69 percent in 2000 to 59 percent in 2005. The clearance rate for property crimes in every year of the six-year period exceeded the current (2005) national average of 16.3 percent.

National Clearance Rates for Part I Crimes

	2005
Violent Crimes	45.5%
Property Crimes	16.3%

Source: *Crime in the United States 2005*, U.S. Department of Justice

**Comments:**

- ◆ Some of the factors resulting in closure of Major (Part I) crimes are: an arrest; the victim declines to prosecute; or by other means. While this measure counts cases closed it does not address the conviction rate.
- ◆ The number of cases closed increased by 4.9 percent from 1,717 in 2000 to 1,801 in 2005. At the same time, the number of crimes reported increased by 6.9 percent from 7,549 in 2000 to 8,070 in 2005. The percentage of cases closed declined .4 percentage points during the same period, from 22.7 percent in 2000 to 22.3 percent in 2005.
- ◆ The sniper investigations and terrorism efforts impacted resources available to close cases at the desired rate.
- ◆ The following table provides information on total major crime offenses and total crimes closed. The second table provides information on violent and property crime offenses and crimes closed broken down by violent and property crimes.

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Total Offenses	7,549	8,154	8,025	7,805	8,242	8,070
Total Closed	1,717	1,665	1,474	1,544	1,828	1,801
Percent of Total Closed	22.7%	20.4%	18.4%	19.8%	22.2%	22.3%

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Violent Crime Offenses	558	638	581	521	522	639
Violent Crimes Closed	385	392	345	298	337	377
Property Crime Offenses	6,991	7,516	7,444	7,284	7,720	7,431
Property Crimes Closed	1,330	1,272	1,129	1,246	1,490	1,427
% Violent Closed	69.0%	61.4%	59.4%	57.2%	64.6%	59.0%
% Property Closed	19.0%	16.9%	15.2%	17.1%	19.3%	19.2%

**Section Locator**

**OVERVIEW**

General Information  
Summary

**SPENDING AND STAFFING**

Spending per Capita  
Sworn Officers per Thousand Residents

**OUTPUTS**

Sworn Officers per Thousand Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

**RESULTS**

Major Crimes per Thousand Residents

 **Closure Rate for Major Crimes**

Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population

Juvenile Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population

Average Emergency Response Time

Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe in their Neighborhood

Citizen Satisfaction with Police Behavior

Percent of Citizens Satisfied with Overall Police Performance and with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



Section Locator

OVERVIEW

General Information  
Summary

SPENDING AND STAFFING

Spending per Capita  
Sworn Officers per Thousand Residents

OUTPUTS

Sworn Officers per Thousand Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

RESULTS

Major Crimes per Thousand Residents

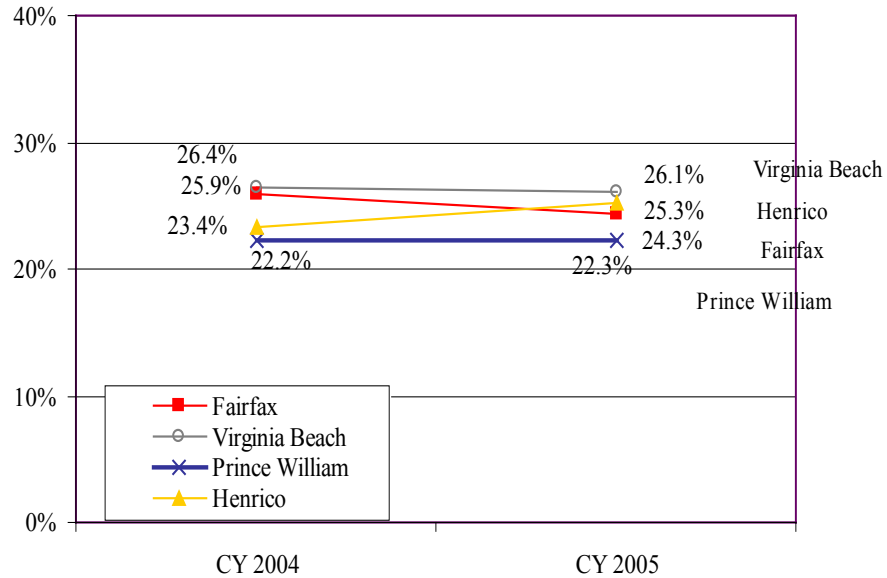
**Closure Rate for Major Crimes**

Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population  
Juvenile Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population  
Average Emergency Response Time  
Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe in their Neighborhood  
Citizen Satisfaction with Police Behavior  
Percent of Citizens Satisfied with Overall Police Performance and with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



Closure Rate For Major (Part I) Crimes--Comparisons

Major (Part I) Crime Closure Rate By Jurisdiction  
2004 and 2005



Note: Chesterfield County no longer tracks crime statistics under the Uniform Crime Reporting System. As a result comparison data on Part I crimes is not available for FY 1999 through present. Chesterfield County now tracks crime statistics only via the new Incident Based Reporting System. The other jurisdictions have also moved to the IBR System but have also continued to record information in the UCR system.

	2005				
	Prince William	Chesterfield	Fairfax	Henrico	Virginia Beach
Major (Part I) Crimes	8,070	Not available	18,374	11,967	14,656

**Compared to Other Jurisdictions:**

- ◆ In 2005, Prince William had a lower closure rate than Virginia Beach, Henrico, and Fairfax. Comparable information is not available for Chesterfield for years after 1998.

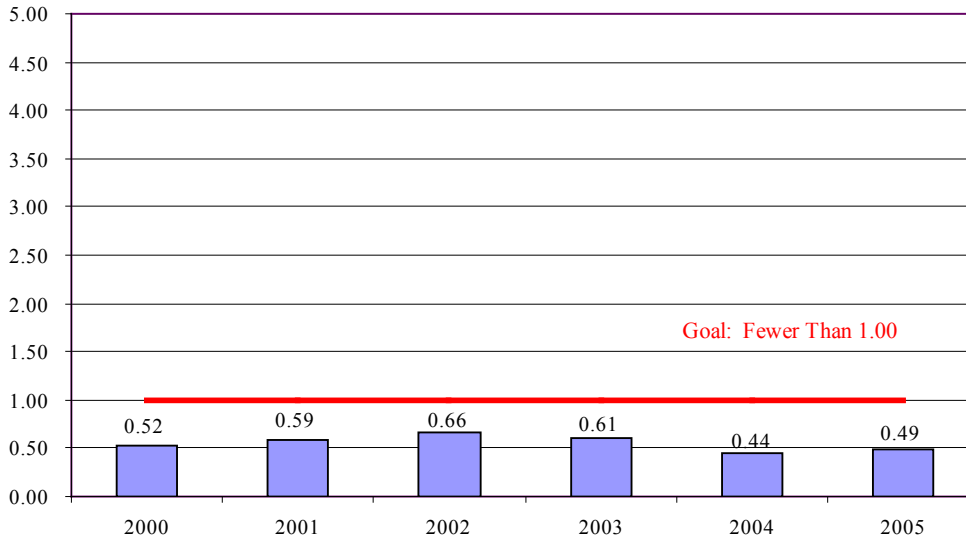
**Comments:**

- ◆ These figures are as reported by the jurisdictions. While the Uniform Crime Reporting System establishes standards for reporting cases as closed, there may be some variability in interpretation of the standards.

## Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population

**Purpose:** To provide an indicator of the rate of juvenile violent crime arrests per 1,000 juvenile population for Prince William and the comparison jurisdictions.

**Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests per 1,000 Juvenile Population  
2000 to 2005**



**Trend:**

- ◆ Prince William’s rate of juvenile violent crime arrests remained below the current strategic plan goal of fewer than 1 per 1,000 juvenile population during the period 2000 through 2005.

**Prince William County—Six-Year Trend**

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests	45	53	61	59	46	52
Adult Violent Crime Arrests	281	276	297	280	290	309
Total Violent Crime Arrests	326	329	358	339	336	361
Juv. Violent Crime Arrests To Total	13.8%	16.1%	17.0%	17.4%	13.7%	14.4%

**Comments:**

- ◆ The rate of juvenile violent crime arrests fluctuated over the six-year period and each year it was below the goal rate of fewer than 1 per 1,000. From 2000 (.52) to 2002 (.66) there was an increase followed by a decrease through 2004 (.46) and a rise in 2005 (.49). The variability can be affected by enforcement efforts as well as trends in offenses. Operations such as curfew enforcement and gang investigations are aimed at removing the opportunity for spontaneous juvenile violence. These ongoing plans play a key role in identifying and preventing potential violent acts.

**Section Locator**

**OVERVIEW**

General Information  
Summary

**SPENDING AND STAFFING**

Spending per Capita  
Sworn Officers per Thousand Residents

**OUTPUTS**

Sworn Officers per Thousand Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

**RESULTS**

Major Crimes per Thousand Residents  
Closure Rate for Major Crimes

**Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population**

Juvenile Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population  
Average Emergency Response Time  
Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe in their Neighborhood  
Citizen Satisfaction with Police Behavior  
Percent of Citizens Satisfied with Overall Police Performance and with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



Section Locator

OVERVIEW

General Information  
Summary

SPENDING AND STAFFING

Spending per Capita  
Sworn Officers per Thousand  
Residents

OUTPUTS

Sworn Officers per Thousand  
Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

RESULTS

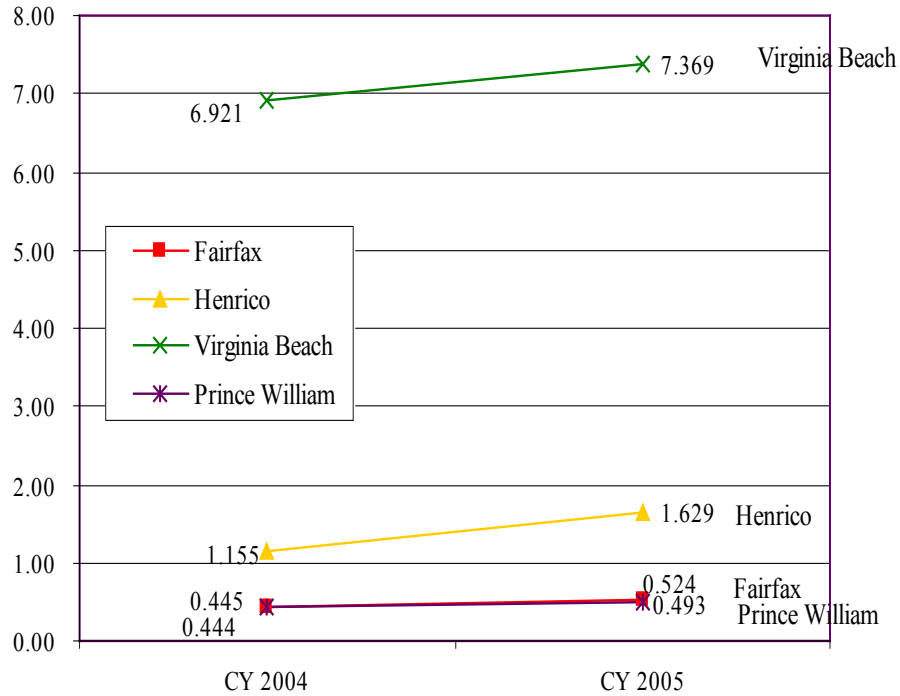
Major Crimes per Thousand  
Residents  
Closure Rate for Major Crimes

**Juvenile Violent Crime  
Arrests per Thousand  
Juvenile Population**

Juvenile Arrests per Thousand  
Juvenile Population  
Average Emergency Response  
Time  
Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe  
in their Neighborhood  
Citizen Satisfaction with Police  
Behavior  
Percent of Citizens Satisfied with  
Overall Police Performance and  
with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests per 1,000 Juvenile Population  
by Jurisdiction 2004 and 2005



Note: Chesterfield County no longer tracks crime statistics under the Uniform Crime Reporting System. As a result comparison data on Part I crimes is not available for FY 1999 through present. Chesterfield County now tracks crime statistics only via the new Incident Based Reporting System. The other jurisdictions have also moved to the IBR System but have also continued to record information in the UCR system.

	2005 Estimate				
	Prince William	Chesterfield	Fairfax	Henrico	Virginia Beach
Juveniles as a Percent of Population	29.7%	26.0%	25.4%	24.7%	26.7%

Source of Population Estimates: Demographics and Workforce Section, Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service, University of Virginia, <http://www.coopercenter.org/demographics>  
2004 Final & 2005 Provisional Population Estimates, Virginia Cities & Counties  
January 24, 2006

Source of Age Data: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, Annual Estimates of the Population by Selected

Table: CC-EST2005-age-sex

File: 7/1/2005 County Characteristics Estimates File for Internet Display

Release Date: August 4, 2006

**Compared to Other Jurisdictions:**

- ◆ In FY 2005, Prince William had a lower rate of juvenile violent crime arrests than Virginia Beach, Henrico, and Fairfax. Comparable information is not available for Chesterfield.

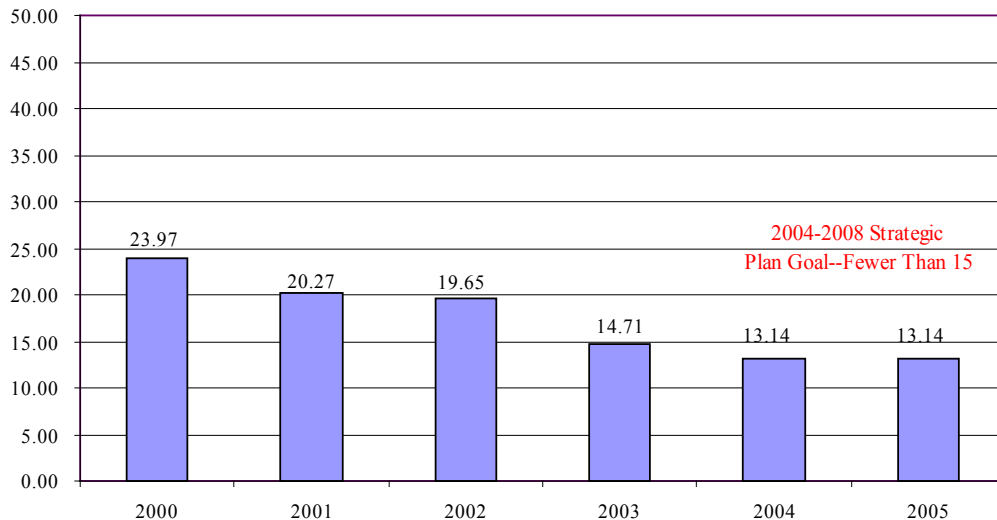
**Comments:**

- ◆ Prince William has the highest ratio of juveniles to total population among the comparison jurisdictions.

## Juvenile Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population

**Purpose:** To provide an indicator of changes in the rate of juvenile Part I and Part II arrests per 1,000 juvenile population. Part I crimes include: murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny, and motor vehicle theft. Part II crimes include: drug and vice violations; curfew; sex offenses; DWI; disorderly conduct; liquor laws; loitering; counterfeiting; fraud; embezzlement; stolen property; vandalism; carrying/possessing weapons; runaways; gambling; simple assaults; and forgery.

**Juvenile Arrests per 1,000 Juvenile Population  
2000 to 2005**



### Prince William County Six-Year Trend

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Total Juvenile Arrests	2,083	1,811	1,830	1,414	1,360	1,386
Total Adult Arrests	10,845	11,841	10,499	10,620	11,219	11,375
Total Arrests	12,928	13,652	12,329	12,034	12,579	12,761
Total Juvenile Arrests To Total	16%	13%	15%	12%	11%	11%

### Trend:

- ◆ Over the six-year period, the rate of juvenile arrests per 1,000 juvenile population has trended down. During the period 2003 through 2005, the County met the 2004-2008 Strategic Plan goal of 15 or fewer juvenile arrests per 1,000 juvenile population.

## Section Locator

### OVERVIEW

General Information  
Summary

### SPENDING AND STAFFING

Spending per Capita  
Sworn Officers per Thousand Residents

### OUTPUTS

Sworn Officers per Thousand Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

### RESULTS

Major Crimes per Thousand Residents  
Closure Rate for Major Crimes  
Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population

### Juvenile Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population

Average Emergency Response Time  
Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe in their Neighborhood  
Citizen Satisfaction with Police Behavior  
Percent of Citizens Satisfied with Overall Police Performance and with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



Section Locator

OVERVIEW

General Information  
Summary

SPENDING AND STAFFING

Spending per Capita  
Sworn Officers per Thousand Residents

OUTPUTS

Sworn Officers per Thousand Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

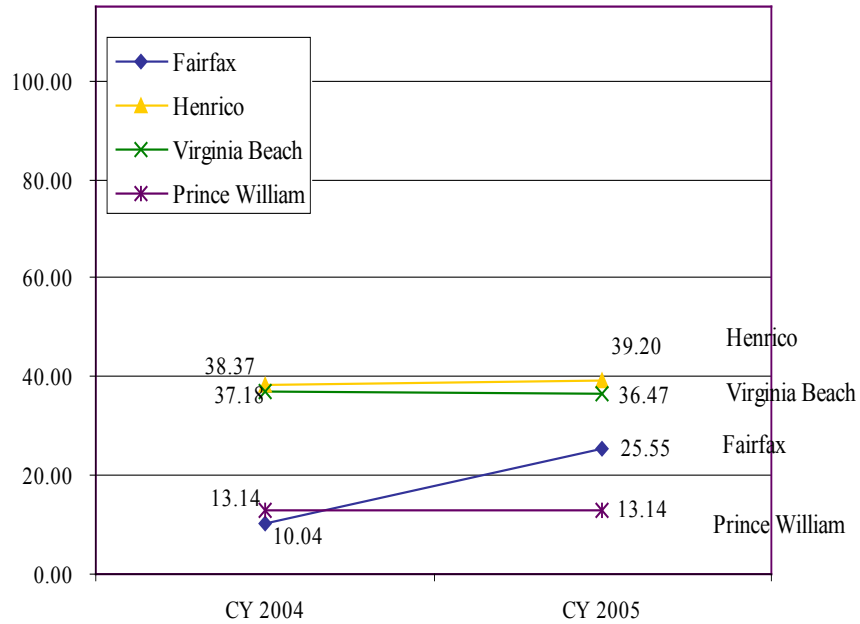
RESULTS

Major Crimes per Thousand Residents  
Closure Rate for Major Crimes  
Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population

**Juvenile Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population**

Average Emergency Response Time  
Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe in their Neighborhood  
Citizen Satisfaction with Police Behavior  
Percent of Citizens Satisfied with Overall Police Performance and with Reduction of Illegal Drugs

Juvenile Crime Arrests per 1,000 Juvenile Population by Jurisdiction 2004 and 2005



Note: Chesterfield County no longer tracks crime statistics under the Uniform Crime Reporting System. As a result comparison data on Part I crimes is not available for FY 1999 through present. Chesterfield County now tracks crime statistics only via the new Incident Based Reporting System. The other jurisdictions have also moved to the IBR System but have also continued to record information in the UCR system.

**Compared to Other Jurisdictions:**

- ◆ Prince William’s rate of arrest of juveniles in FY 2005 was less than experienced in Virginia Beach, Henrico, and Fairfax. Comparable data were not available for Chesterfield.

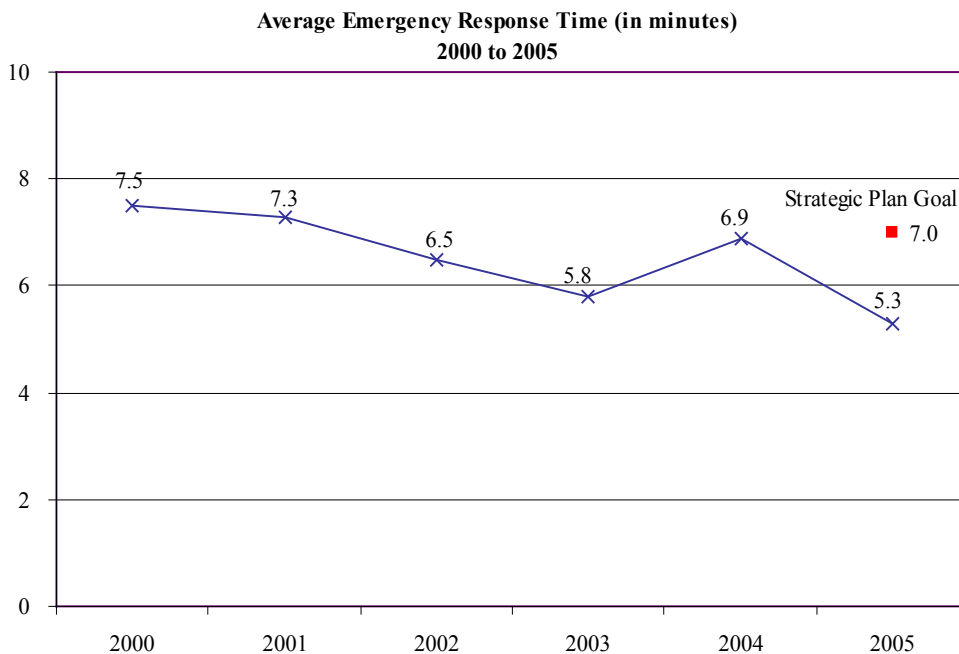
**Comments:**

- ◆ Prince William has the highest ratio of youth to total population among the comparison jurisdictions.



## Average Emergency Response Time

**Purpose:** To provide an indicator of changes in how quickly police units on average respond to emergency (life threatening) calls. This measure reports the number of minutes to respond from the time of dispatch to the time of arrival on the scene. The time from call received to dispatch is not included but is reported under Public Safety Communications.



**Trend:**

- ◆ The average emergency response time decreased from 7.5 minutes in 2000 to 5.3 minutes in 2005, decreasing every year except for an increase to 6.9 minutes in 2004. For every year from 2002 through 2005, the response time met the standard of responding in 7 minutes or less.

**Comments:**

- ◆ According to the Prince William County Citizen Satisfaction Survey conducted by the University of Virginia’s Center for Survey Research, citizen satisfaction in 2006 with the promptness of police response to 911 calls was approximately 66 percent which represents a decrease from the approximately 79 percent in 2005.

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Satisfaction with promptness	Not Available	64.7%	Not Available	Not Available	79.3%	66.2%

## Section Locator

**OVERVIEW**

General Information  
Summary

**SPENDING AND STAFFING**

Spending per Capita  
Sworn Officers per Thousand Residents

**OUTPUTS**

Sworn Officers per Thousand Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

**RESULTS**

- Major Crimes per Thousand Residents
- Closure Rate for Major Crimes
- Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population
- Juvenile Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population
- Average Emergency Response Time**
- Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe in their Neighborhood
- Citizen Satisfaction with Police Behavior
- Percent of Citizens Satisfied with Overall Police Performance and with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



**Section Locator**

**OVERVIEW**

General Information  
Summary

**SPENDING AND STAFFING**

Spending per Capita  
Sworn Officers per Thousand  
Residents

**OUTPUTS**

Sworn Officers per Thousand  
Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

**RESULTS**

Major Crimes per Thousand  
Residents  
Closure Rate for Major Crimes  
Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests  
per Thousand Juvenile  
Population  
Juvenile Arrests per Thousand  
Juvenile Population  
Average Emergency Response  
Time

**Percent of Citizens  
Feeling Safe in their  
Neighborhood**

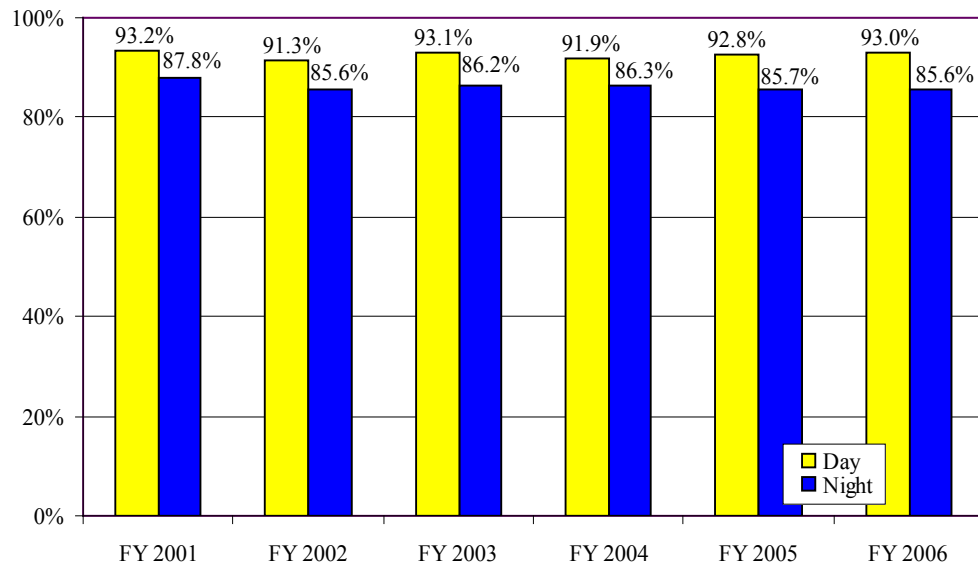
Citizen Satisfaction with Police  
Behavior  
Percent of Citizens Satisfied with  
Overall Police Performance and  
with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



**Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe In Their Neighborhood**

**Purpose:** To provide information on the percent of citizens feeling safe in their neighborhood during the day and at night. This information is gathered annually through a telephone survey. The survey is independently conducted by the University of Virginia's Center for Survey Research.

**Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe In Their Neighborhood  
During the Day and At Night  
Fiscal Year 2001 Through Fiscal Year 2006**



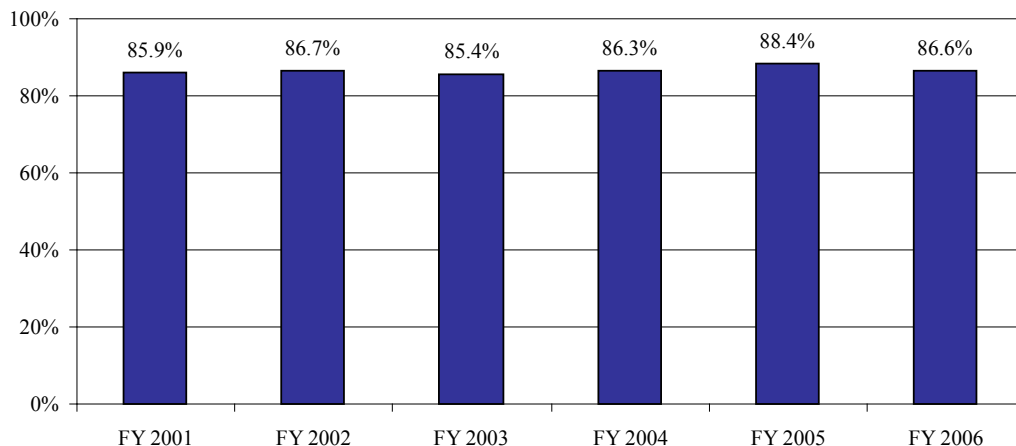
**Trend:**

During the six-year period, the percent of citizens feeling safe in the neighborhood during the day varied from 91.3 percent to 93.2 percent and feeling safe at night varied from 85.6 percent to 87.8 percent, although none of the changes were statistically significant.

## Citizen Satisfaction With Police Behavior

**Purpose:** To provide information on the level of citizen satisfaction with the police department attitudes and behaviors toward citizens. The information is gathered through an annual telephone survey. The survey is independently conducted by the University of Virginia's Center for Survey Research.

**Citizen Satisfaction With Police Behavior Towards Citizens Fiscal Year 2000 Through Fiscal Year 2006**



**Trend:**

- ◆ The 2006 Prince William County Citizen Survey conducted by the University of Virginia Center for Survey Research reported 86.6 percent satisfaction with the behavior of police towards citizens. During the six-year period, the changes were not statistically significant.

**Comments:**

- ◆ In addition to citizen satisfaction with police behavior, information regarding citizen complaints about police behavior is also collected by the Police Department. The following table provides the number of citizen complaints per thousand police contacts from calendar year 2000 through 2005.

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Number of Citizen Complaints	61	57	72	81	84	84
Number of Police Contacts	197,228	197,298	192,147	196,352	200,389	208,668
Complaints Per 1,000 Contacts	0.31	0.29	0.37	0.41	0.42	0.40

### Section Locator

**OVERVIEW**

General Information  
Summary

**SPENDING AND STAFFING**

Spending per Capita  
Sworn Officers per Thousand Residents

**OUTPUTS**

Sworn Officers per Thousand Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

**RESULTS**

Major Crimes per Thousand Residents  
Closure Rate for Major Crimes  
Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population  
Juvenile Arrests per Thousand Juvenile Population  
Average Emergency Response Time  
Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe in their Neighborhood  
 **Citizen Satisfaction with Police Behavior**  
Percent of Citizens Satisfied with Overall Police Performance and with Reduction of Illegal Drugs



**Section Locator**

**OVERVIEW**

General Information  
Summary

**SPENDING AND STAFFING**

Spending per Capita  
Sworn Officers per Thousand  
Residents

**OUTPUTS**

Sworn Officers per Thousand  
Major Crimes  
Dispatch Calls per Patrol Officer

**RESULTS**

Major Crimes per Thousand  
Residents  
Closure Rate for Major Crimes  
Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests  
per Thousand Juvenile  
Population  
Juvenile Arrests per Thousand  
Juvenile Population  
Average Emergency Response  
Time  
Percent of Citizens Feeling Safe  
in their Neighborhood  
Citizen Satisfaction with Police  
Behavior

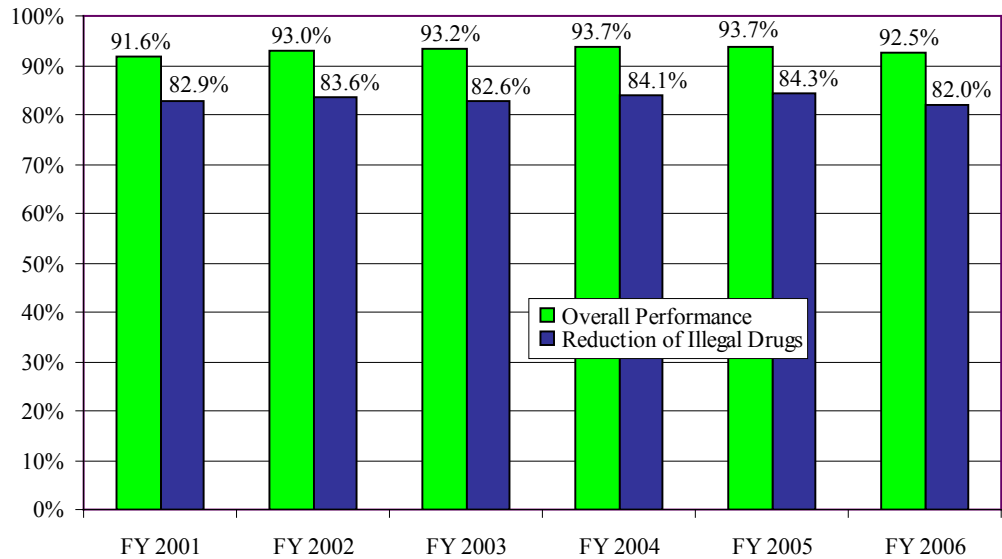
**Percent of Citizens Satisfied with Overall Police Performance and with Reduction of Illegal Drugs**



**Percent of Citizens Satisfied With Overall Police Performance and With Reduction of Illegal Drugs**

**Purpose:** To provide information on the level of citizen satisfaction with overall Police performance and with efforts to reduce illegal drugs. This information is gathered through an annual telephone survey. The survey is independently conducted by the University of Virginia's Center for Survey Research.

**Percent of Citizens Satisfied With Overall Police Performance and Reduction of Illegal Drugs  
Fiscal Year 2000 Through Fiscal Year 2006**



**Trend:**

- ◆ In FY 2006, 92.5 percent of citizens felt satisfied with the overall performance of the Police Department. Changes during the six-year period are not statistically significant.
- ◆ In FY 2006, 82 percent of citizens were satisfied with the reduction of illegal drugs. Changes during the six-year period are not statistically significant.